# **Historic Buildings of Interest**

Shelburne Falls is home to many historic buildings established by early settlers and still in use today. More information on these and other historic sites is available at the Shelburne Historical Society and Museum at 33 Maple Street.

### H1. The Arms Academy Building

(intersection Maple and Church Streets)
Arms Academy, built in 1880 as a private high school funded by Ira Arms, by 1910 was a public high school for Shelburne area students. The school closed in 1967, and in 1971 became home to the Shelburne Historical Society museum and its extensive display of memorabilia reflecting the earliest and later years of Shelburne's history. The building itself is Italianate with elements of Queen Anne and Stick style with a checkerboard cornice design.

H2. Montgomery Houses (34 and 12 Severance St.) These houses were built identically in the Queen Anne style with Craftsman style sash. The siding has been changed on the first of three Montgomery houses on the corner of Church and Severance Streets. The second Montgomery house is painted in Victorian colors. The two houses and a third at 21 Maple Street were built in the early 1880's by Thomas J. Montgomery for his wife's sisters. Montgomery was an Englishman of mysterious background, described as a man of wealth and taste. He was never listed as a permanent Shelburne resident, but for several years was its biggest taxpayer. Unfortunately he developed financial problems and eventually moved from town.

### H3. Trinity Church (15 Severance St.)

Built as the Emmanuel Memorial Episcopal Church in 1884, its style is modified Gothic Revival with characteristic stone decoration and arched windows. Thomas J. Montgomery commissioned the building as a memorial to his wife's relatives. The church remained Episcopalian until the 1950's when its congregation joined with the Congregational and Baptist churches to form the Trinity Fellowship.

### H4. Severance House (6 Maple St.)

This large, white house, the oldest standing house in the village, was built in 1784 by Martin Severance Jr., son of the area's first permanent settler of record. It is hybrid "Early Republic" with Federal style influence. In 1839, Martin Jr's son, Asa started a private school in the house to provide an alternative to the Baptist Academy on Main Street.

### **H5. 3 South Maple Street**

This Victorian house of Italianate style with Gothic Cottage influence, was built in 1853 by Dr. Edwin Bissell, a local dentist. In 1883 he sold it to Linus and Catherine Yale of Yale Lock Manufacturing Company. The Yales later sold it to Henry Patch, son of Jonas K. Patch, one of the country's first commercial photographers.

### **H6. The Patch House** (5 Maple Street)

This Federal house with Italianate influence was built in 1860 by Jonas K. Patch. Mr. Patch was married to the great-granddaughter of Martin Severance, and was a practicing photographer in Shelburne for over 50 years.

### H7. 10 Maple Street

This small, hybrid "Early Republic" house with Federal style influence, is built of "hewn timber and plank", and was probably originally a shop or mill.

**H8. 21 Maple Street** (corner Maple and Warren Sts.) This is the third house in the village built by Thomas J. Montgomery.

### H9. 3 Pleasant Street

This green "village" Victorian was built by local businessman Charles Gould in 1880. It is Italianate in style with Second Empire style influence. The small house on the corner of the lot was built as a playhouse for Mr. Gould's granddaughter.

H10. The Patchwork House (15 Gardner Avenue) This house was built in 1932 by Carlton P. Davenport as a playhouse for his children. He collected materials from some of western New England's most famous landmarks, and assembled them into a true patchwork, including oak timbers from the 128 year old Cheapside Bridge, doors from the Shelburne Falls Cutlery, windows from the first Sweetheart Teahouse, floorboards from the Amherst Armory, ceiling boards from a Vermont woolen mill, etc.

### H11. 40 Church Street

This Victorian house, with a matching carriage house in the rear, was built by Joseph W. Gardner in the late 1860's. It is Second Empire style with elements of the Stick style. Gardner later sold the house to Thomas J. Montgomery.

## H12. 31 Maple Street

This large, white house built in the 1850's in the Federal style with elements of Italianate, was built for Joseph W. Gardner, then manager of the Lamson & Goodnow Manufacturing Co. The house became the parsonage for the Baptist Church which was at the foot of Church St.

# **Shelburne Massachusetts**

Graced by the beautiful Deerfield River, Shelburne Falls is located just off the Mohawk Trail (Route 2) and 8 miles west of Interstate 91.

Shelburne was first settled in 1756 as part of Deerfield known then as "Deerfield Northwest." It was initially organized as the district of Shelburne in 1768 (named in honor of William Petty, 2nd Earl of Shelburne) and was officially incorporated as a town in 1775.

The local falls on the Deerfield River were known as Salmon Falls. The Falls were considered an important native fishing site and an area of peaceful cooperation. A 1743 statute designated twenty acres of land along the Deerfield River for use as a public fishing area, later sold in the 18th Century to a private landowner. Permanent settlement of Shelburne began in the vicinity of Salmon Falls about 1760 by five families.

The village of Shelburne Falls brings together the towns of Shelburne and Buckland with a vibrant and thriving business community spanning the river and tied together by the Iron Bridge and the Bridge of Flowers. The two towns also share a common Historical District and Cultural District.

Today, visiting Shelburne Falls is like stepping back in time to a nineteenth century New England village. Its residents are proud of their historic homes, restored village buildings, art studios, and the beautiful New England hills surrounding the river valley with active farms, productive forests, and protected natural areas.

# Walkers' Etiquette

Most of the sites and trees on this tour are on private property. Please be respectful!

- Please do not litter
- Stay on the sidewalk
- · Cross streets at intersections
- · Keep dogs on leashes and under control
- Do not pick flowers or collect plants
- Park your car well out of traffic
- · Don't block driveways or gates

Brochure by Shelburne Open Space Committee with thanks to the Franklin Regional Council of Governments and the Shelburne Historical Society, May 2018

# A Walking Tour of Shelburne Falls

Notable Village Buildings, Landmarks and Trees



The Stone Fire Tower on Mt. Massemet, accessible by trail from Halligan Avenue, overlooks the village.

Town of Shelburne



# V1. Severance Tablet (Maple and Bridge Streets) Village Landmarks

This tablet indicates where Martin Severance, the first

Wason Manufacturing Co. in Springfield in 1896. For 20 Street Railway trolley car No. 10 which was built by The Trolley Museum preserves Shelburne Falls & Colrain V10. Shelburne Falls Trolley Museum (14 Depot) since 1936 and is the site of Town tennis courts. Conservation Corps, this gym has served the area Built during the Great Depression by the Civilian V9. Cowell Gymnasium (51 Maple St.) It houses the Arms Library founded 1854. and Lydia Pratt in honor of Josiah and Catherine Pratt. a giff to the town built in 1914 for the Library by Francis building on the National Registry of Historic Places, was The Pratt Memorial building, a domed Beaux-Arts V8. Pratt Memorial Building (Main and Bridge) opera broadcasts and Town meetings. Town offices and a 438 seat theater for Pothole Pictures, Grand Army of the Republic, Memorial Hall now houses Built 1897 on land donated by the Orzo Miller post of the V7. Memorial Hall (55 Bridge St., Town Offices) in the country, offering candlepin bowling since 1909. The SF Bowling Alley is the second oldest bowling alley V6. Shelburne Falls Bowling (alley 43 Bridge St.) fountains where you can get a real milk shake. with one of the few remaining old fashioned soda Baker Pharmacy, founded 1867, is a classic drug store V5. Baker Pharmacy (52 Bridge St.) and links the towns of Shelburne and Buckland. This truss bridge built in 1890 spans the Deerfield River V4. Iron Bridge (end of Bridge St. at the River) maintenance of the plantings as they still do today. Women's Club took over management and proposed transforming the bridge into a garden. The SF went bankrupt in 1927. In 1929, Antoinette Burnham and dropped off in town. The street railway company Colrain Street Railway so that treight could be picked up The bridge was built in 1908 by the Shelburne Falls and V3. Bridge of Flowers (22 Water St.) bedrock and started eroding holes into the hard rock. process, which continues today, the river flowed over the then cut downward into its delta sediments. During this into the lake, and after Lake Hitchcock drained, the river the Connecticut Valley. The Deerfield River built a delta age, about 14,000 years ago when Lake Hitchcock filled The Glacial Potholes began to form after the last ice VZ. Giaciai Potholes(Deemieid St. at Salmon Falis) which remained his home until his death in 1810. from Deerfield in search of farmland and built the cabin village settler, built his log cabin in 1760. He migrated

years it crossed the Deerfield River on what is now the

Bridge of Flowers.

Information Center MONROE AVENUE Parking Parking Historic Buildings Village Landmarks Trees of Note HALLIGANTAVENUE 7 III) -MOHAWK-TRAIL 911 WARREN ST WILLIAMS STREET N GARDNER ST NORTH STREE CHURCH ST TS QNAJHOIH GROVE ST

# Village Trees of Note

(Town Common - very large tree on corner

T3. Sugar Maples Acer saccharum

(96 Bridge St.- many examples throughout town)

T4. Black Locust Robina pseudoacacia

an invasive from the Appalachian and Ozark

T5. Ginko Biloba Ginko biloba

T6. White Oaks Quercus alba

Large trees at entrance to school –

75 Mechanic St.)

an invasive cultivar of the Honey Locust

a common downtown street tree)

T8. Norway Spruce Picea abies, picea excels

European cultivar (corner of Bridge St. and

Main St. in front of Arms Library)

eastern and central Europe and western Asia

an invasive species of maple introduced from

T15. Norway Maple Acer platanoides

T14. Shagbark Hickory Carya ovata

Tilia americana (24 South Maple St.)

(19 South Maple St., along driveway)

T11. Red Cedar Juniperus virginiana

T13. Eastern White Pine Pinus strobus

resistance to Dutch Elm Disease (60 Bridge St.

T12. American Basswood aka American Linden

American Liberty' - a cultivar bred to possess

T10. American Liberty Elm Ulmus Americana

T9. Littleleaf Linden Tilia cordata

(Cross St. near Mechanic St.)

(75 Bridge St. by the Village Information Center;

T7. Shademaster Locust Gleditsia triacanthos

(6 Maple St. near 132 Bridge St.)

Mountains (opposite drive at 51 Water St.)

(71 Main St.)

T2. Cucumber Magnolia Magnolia acuminate

Main and Water St.)

T1. Red Maple Acer rubrum

(120 Bridge St. near Severance St.) T16. White Fir Abies concolor

(on lawn at 3 South Maple St.)

(several at 5 Maple St.)

in Arms Library back yard)

(55 Main St.)